

VIDYA BHAVAN, BALIKA VIDYAPEETH
SHAKTI UTTAN ASHRAM, LAKHISARAI, PIN:-811311

SUBJECT:- PHYSICS

CLASS:- XTH

DATE:- 06/05/XXI

SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN

CHAPTER 1. (ELECTRICITY) (BASED ON NCERT PATTERN)

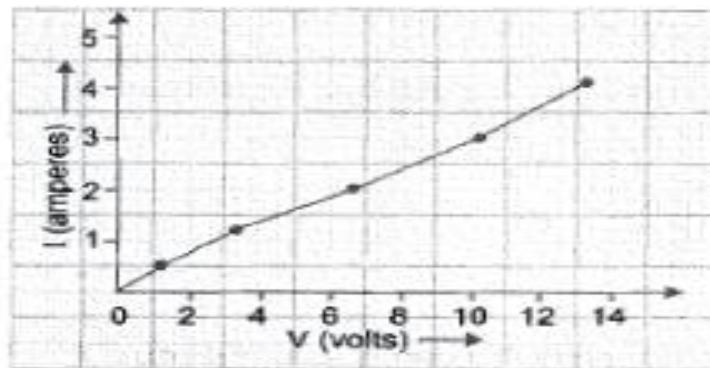
Q1. The values of current I flowing in a circuit with resistor for the corresponding values of potential difference V across the resistors are given below:

I (amperes) 0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 . 4.0

V (volts) 1.6 3.4 6.7 10.2 13.2

Plot a graph between V and I and calculate the resistance of that resistor.

Ans.



S. No.	I (amperes)	V (volts)	$R = \frac{V}{I}$ (Ω)
1.	0.5	1.6	3.2
2.	1.0	3.4	3.4
3.	2.0	6.7	3.35
4.	3.0	10.2	3.4
5.	4.0	13.2	3.3

Resistance of resistor R (mean)

$$= \frac{3.2 + 3.4 + 3.35 + 3.4 + 3.3}{5} = 3.33\Omega$$

Q2. When a 12 V battery is connected across an unknown resistor, there is a current 2.5 mA in the circuit. Find the value of the resistance of the resistor.

Ans. $V = 12 \text{ V}$

$$I = 2.5 \text{ mA} = 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

$$\text{Using, } R = \frac{V}{I}$$

$$R = \frac{12\text{V}}{2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}} = 48000\Omega$$

$$= 4.8 \text{ k}\Omega$$

Q3. A battery of 9 V is connected in series with resistors of 0.2 Ω , 0.3 Ω , 0.4 Ω , 0.5 Ω and 12 Ω respectively. How much current would flow through the 12 Ω resistor?

Ans. $V = 9 \text{ V}$

$$R_s = 0.2 \Omega + 0.3 \Omega + 0.4 \Omega + 0.5 \Omega + 12 \Omega.$$

$$= 13.4 \Omega$$

$$I = ?$$

$$\text{Using, } I = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$= \frac{9\text{V}}{13.4\Omega}$$

$$= 0.67 \text{ A}$$